BỘ LAO ĐỘNG - THƯƠNG BINH VÀ XÃ HỘI TỔNG CỰC GIÁO DỰC NGHỀ NGHIỆP



TRONG CHƯƠNG TRÌNH ĐÀO TẠO TRÌNH ĐỘ CAO ĐẮNG

(Kèm theo Công văn số 147/TCGDNN-ĐTCQ ngày 22 tháng 01 năm 2020 của Tổng cục Giáo dục nghề nghiệp)

Tailieu.vn

MŲC LŲC

	Grammar	Vocabulary	Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing
Unit 1: Family and	- Be, possessive	- Jobs	-Listening to	-Talking about	- "My friend	- Writing a
friends	adjectives and	(pp.9-10)	people talking	yourself	Minh"	short
(p.9)	pronouns	- Common	about	(pp.14-15)	(pp.15-16)	paragraph
	(pp.10-11)	verbs and	themselves			about yourself
	- Present simple	activities	and their			(p.18)
	(pp.16-17)	(p. 16)	families			
			(pp.13-14)			
Unit 2: Leisure	- Adverbs of	- Sports and	-Listening to	- Interviewing	- "What does	-Writing a
time	frequency	activity	people talking	friends about their	she usually do	short
(p.19)	(pp. 20-21)	(pp.19-20)	about their	hobbies	on	paragraph
	- Can/ can't	- Free-time	hobbies (pp.21-	(pp.22-23)	Saturdays?"	about
	(p. 25)	activities	22)		(pp.23-24)	activities you
		(pp. 24-25)				enjoy (p.26)
REVIEW & EXPAN	SION (pp. 27-30)					
Units 1 & 2						
Unit 3: Places	- There is/ there	- Places in a	-Listening to	-Interviewing	-"Da Nang	-Writing a
(p.31)	are and	city and	people talking	friends about	city – a worth-	short
	prepositions of	common	about their	places (pp. 37-38)	living city in	paragraph
	places	adjectives	items in a		Vietnam"	describing
	(pp. 33-35)	(pp. 31-33)	house		(pp. 39-40)	your room
		- Things in a	(pp. 35-36)			(p.41)
		house				
		(pp. 40-41)				
Unit 4: Food and	- Countable and	- Food and	-Listening to	- Asking friends	-A menu at a	-Writing a
drink	uncountable	drink	people talking	about foods and	restaurant	short

REVIEW & EXPANUnits 3 & 4	nouns; how much/ how many (p. 44) - Should/ shouldn't (pp.49-50)	(pp.42-43)	about foods and drinks they like (p.45)	drinks they buy in the market (pp.46- 47)	(pp.48-49)	paragraph about what your friend should do and shouldn't do to have good health (p.50)
Unit 5: Special occasions (p. 54)	- Present continuous (pp.55-56) - Present simple and present continuous (p.59)	- Adjectives of appearance (p.54) - Clothes and colours (p.60)	-Listening to people talking about their activities and a Halloween day (pp.56-57)	- Asking friends about their special days (pp.57-58)	-"Tet in Vietnam" (p. 58)	-Writing a short paragraph about a festival or special event that you want to enjoy with your family or friend. (p.61)
Unit 6: Vacation (p.62) REVIEW & EXPAN Units 5 & 6	- Past simple of Be and can (pp.64-65) - Past simple – regular verbs (pp.68-69)	- Vacation activities (pp.62-63) - Vacation items (p.70)	-Listening to people talking about their vacations (p.65)	- Asking friends about their last vacations (p.66)	"My first trip to Hanoi" (p.67)	Writing a short paragraph about your last vacation (p.71)
Unit 7: Activities	- Present	- Daily	- Listening to	- Interviewing	- A letter from	-Writing about

(p.79)	simple and present continuous (p.81) - Verb + to infinitive/ gerund (p.84)	activities (pp.80-81) - Personality adjectives (p.85)	people talking about their free time activities (p.82)	friends about daily activities (p.82)	Dalat city (p.83)	your friends' activities during break time (p.85)
Unit 8: Hobbies & interests (p.86)	- Past simple and past continuous (p.87)	- Hobbies and interests (pp.86-87) - Play/do/go + sport (pp.89-90)	- Listening to people talking about the activities they enjoy (p.88)	-Asking a friend about their hobbies (p.88)	-"What is a hobby?" (p.89)	-Writing a short paragraph about your hobbies and interests (p.91)
REVIEW & EXPAN Units 7 & 8	ISION (pp.92-94)					
Unit 9: Future plans (p.100)	- Will and going to (p.97) - a little, a few, many, much and a lot of (p.100)	- Celebrations and festivals (pp.95-96) - Adjectives to describe places (pp.100-101)	-Listening to people talking about where they live (pp.97-98)	-Talking about your plan for an important occasion with a friend (p.98)	-"New year celebrations" (p.99)	-Writing a short paragraph about your intentions and plans for the next New Year Holiday (p.101)
Unit 10: Appearance and personality (p.102)	- Comparatives and superlatives (pp.102-103)	- Personality adjectives (pp.101-102) - Adjectives to	- Listening to people describing their children	- Interviewing friends about their personalities (p.105)	- "My travel page" (p.106)	- Writing a paragraph to describe your closet friends

	- As +	describe	(pp.104-105)			(p.108)
			(pp.104-103)			(p.100)
	Adjective + as	people				
	(p.107)	(pp.107-108)				
REVIEW & EXPAN	SION (pp.109-114	4)				
Units 9 & 10						
Unit 11:	- Present	-	- Listening to	- Asking friends	- "The rise of	- Writing a
Technology	perfect	Technological	people talking	about technology	digital media"	short
(p.115)	(for/since/just	devices	about	(p.118)	(p.118)	paragraph
	yet/already)	(pp.115-116)	machines and			about your
	(pp.116-117)	- Technology	appliances			favourite
		(p.119)	(p.117)			technological
		10				device (p.119)
Unit 12: Shopping (p.120)	- Present perfect and past simple (pp121-122)	- Quantifiers (p.120) - Food (p.124)	- Listening to conversations in shops (pp.123)	- Asking friends about the shopping habit (p.123)	- "My shopping day" (pp.123-124)	- Writing a short paragraph about your shopping at the market/ supermarket last week and today (p.124)
REVIEW & EXPAN	SION (pp.125-128	8)				
Units 11 & 12						
ANSWER KEY (pp.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
LISTENING SCRIP	Т (рр. 171-184)					

LÒI GIỚI THIỆU

Tài liệu dạy học môn tiếng Anh trong chương trình đào tạo trình độ cao đẳng bao gồm 12 đơn vị bài học (unit). Mỗi đơn vị bài học gồm các phần sau:

- 1. Warm up: nhằm giúp người học thực hành kỹ năng nói theo cặp và theo nhóm thông qua tranh ảnh để tăng thêm sự hứng thú vào bài học thông qua các họat động như làm việc nhóm (be in groups), giới thiệu bản thân với bạn bè (introduce yourself to your classmates), nói chuyện về các bức tranh với bạn bè (talk about the pictures with a partner).
- 2. Vocabulary: nhằm giúp người học củng cố lại từ vựng theo từng chủ đề một cách sinh động thông qua các hoạt động như hỏi và trả lời các câu hỏi (ask and answer questions with a partner) hoặc nối động từ/danh từ với bức tranh (match each verb/ noun with a picture). Có nhiều loại chủ đề đa dạng như Nghề nghiệp (Jobs), Thể Thao (Sport), Các hoạt động giải trí (Leisure activities), Nơi chốn (Places), Các đồ vật trong nhà (Things in a house), Đồ ăn thức uống (Food and drink), Ngoại hình (Appearance), Quần áo và màu sắc (Clothes and colours), Các hoạt động trong kỳ nghỉ (Vacation activities), Đồ vật dùng trong kỳ nghỉ (vacation items), Hoạt động hàng ngày (daily activities), Personality adjectives (Tính từ chỉ tính cách), Sở thích (Hobbies and Interests), Các lễ hội (Celebrations And Festivals), Thiết bị công nghệ (Technological devices), và Thức ăn (Food).
- 3. Grammar focus: nhằm giúp người học thực hành các chủ điểm ngữ pháp thông qua các dạng bài tập đa dạng như điền câu (complete the sentences), hỏi và trả lời các câu hỏi (ask and answer the questions), đặt câu hỏi (make questions), đặt câu (make sentences), viết lại câu (rewrite the sentences), hoành chỉnh bảng (complete the table). Các chủ điểm ngữ pháp gồm thì hiện tại đơn, hiện tại tiếp diễn, quá khứ đơn, quá khứ tiếp diễn, thì hiện tại hoàn thành, tính từ sở hữu, đại từ và đại từ chỉ định; các trạng từ chỉ tần suất, động từ khiếm khuyết, giới từ chỉ nơi chốn, danh từ đếm được và không đếm được, động từ khiếm khuyết, các cấu trúc so sánh...
- **4. Listening:** nhằm giúp người học nghe và hiểu được ý chính và các thông tin chi tiết về các chủ đề liên quan đến các thành viên gia đình, các hoạt động giải trí trong thời gian rảnh rỗi, vị trí đồ đạc trong nhà, các loại thức ăn và đồ uống phổ biến, các hoạt động trong các dịp lễ hoặc sự kiện đặc biệt, du lịch, các hoạt động hàng ngày, sở thích, kế hoạch trong tương lai, ngoại hình, tính cách và mua sắm thông qua các dạng bài tập nghe như nghe và đọc đoạn hội thoại (listen and read the dialogue), nghe và trả lời câu hỏi (listen and answer the questions), nghe và lựa chọn câu trả lời đúng (listen and choose the correct answer), nghe và khoanh tròn đúng hoặc sai (listen and circle T (True) or F (False)).
- **5. Speaking:** nhằm giúp người học thực hành kỹ năng nói thông qua các bài tập đa dạng như đọc và nghe hội thoại *(read and listen to the conversation)*, phát âm

(pronunciation), trả lời các câu hỏi (complete the questionnaire), phỏng vấn bạn học (interview a friend), làm việc theo cặp (work in pairs) và thay thế những từ/câu in đậm, gạch dưới (replace the bold and underlined words/phrases. Các tình huống giao tiếp đơn giản, ngắn gọn, quen thuộc về giới thiệu bản thân, gia đình, nghề nghiệp, sở thích; chỉ đường đến những địa điểm thông thường; đặt được câu hỏi về số lượng; giới thiệu được những ngày lễ, sự kiện đặc biệt, hoạt động du lịch, các kế hoạch cho các ngày lễ và sự kiện đặc biệt; mô tả tính cách và ngoại hình của bản thân và người khác; giới thiệu các sản phẩm công nghệ và công dụng; mô tả thói quen mua sắm.

- 6. Reading: nhằm giúp người học đọc và phân tích được các đoạn văn bản ngắn và đơn giản về các vấn đề quen thuộc và cụ thể; đọc hiểu đại ý và thông tin chi tiết thông qua các bài đọc có liên quan đến giới thiệu bạn bè, các hoạt động trong thời gian rảnh rỗi, nơi chốn, các thức ăn và đồ uống phổ biến, các ngày lễ đặc biệt và kỳ nghỉ, các hoạt động hàng ngày và các sở thích, cách chào đón năm mới ở các quốc gia, sự phát triển của công nghệ và thói quen mua sắm.
- 7. Writing: nhằm giúp người học viết được các mệnh đề, câu đơn giản và kết nối với nhau bằng các liên từ cơ bản; viết đoạn văn ngắn về các chủ đề có liên quan đến bản thân, sở thích và các hoạt động trong thời gian rảnh rỗi, mô tả nhà ở, thức ăn và đồ uống, các lễ hội và dịp đặc biệt, các kỳ nghỉ và các sở thích, kế hoạch và dự định cho việc chào đón năm mới, thiết bị công nghệ và thói quen mua sắm.

Tài liệu dạy học này kèm theo hai đĩa ghi âm nội dung tất cả các bài đối thoại và các bài tập nghe.

UNIT 1: FAMILY AND FRIENDS

0 WARM-UP

Work in pairs. Introduce yourself to your classmates.

- A: Hi. I'm John. What's your name?
- B: My name is Susan. Nice to meet you.
- A: Nice to meet you, too.

2 VOCABULARY 1: JOBS

A. Match each job with the appropriate picture.

- 1. ____ a teacher
- 2. _____ a singer
- 3. _____ a doctor
- 4. ____ a taxi driver
- 5. _____ a shop assistant
- 6. _____ a worker













В.	Ask and answer	questions with a	partner using	the	iobs in	exercise A.
		9 52 5 52 5 22 5 11 2 52 2 5			0 ~ 0	

A: Are you a teacher?

B: No, I'm not. I'm a worker.

3 GRAMMAR FOCUS 1: BE, POSSESSIVES AND PRONOUNS

A. Read the following text and underline the correct answer about Trinh.

- 1. Trinh is from **Dong Nai province**/ **Ho Chi Minh city**.
- 2. She's 20 / 19 years old.
- 3. Her sister is a teacher / a shop assistant.

My name's Trinh. I'm 20 years old. My college is in Ho Chi Minh city. But I'm not from this city – I'm from Dong Nai province. This is a photo of me and my two sisters. Their names are Thanh and Uyen. Thanh is 19 years old. We're at the same college, but we aren't in the same class. Uyen isn't at our college. She is a shop assistant.

B. Complete the table with the affirmative and negative forms of the verb *be*. Refer to the text in exercise A.

Be	
Affirmative	Negative
I ¹	I ⁴
He/She/It ²	He/She/It ⁵
You/We/They ³	You/We/They ⁶
Interrogative	Short answers
Am I?	Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.
Is he/she/it?	Yes, he/she/it is.
	No, he/she/it isn't.
Are you/we/they?	Yes, you/we/they are.
	No, you/we/they aren't.

C. Complete the sentences with both the affirmative and negative forms of the verb be.

1. My na	ame is	Tom.
My no	ame is Ton	n. / My name isn't Tom.
2. Our n	nother	in the kitchen.
3. I	hungry.	
4. We _	in cla	ss now.
5. My m	otorbike _	new.
6. My pa	arents	_ from Manchester.
7. I	23 years	old.
Q It	very co	ld today

D.	Ma	ke	questions	using	the	interrog	gative	form	of be	

- 1. Taylor Swift / your favourite singer?

 Is Taylor Swift your favourite singer?
- 2. they / from Malaysia?
- 3. your parents / at home?
- 4. our school / very new?
- 5. your brother / tall?
- 6. you / 19 years old?
- 7. you / thirsty?
- 8. your house / near here?

E. Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions in exercise D.

Is Taylor	Swift your	favourite
	singer?	

Yes, she is. / No, she isn't.

F. Circle three possessive adjectives in the text in exercise A and then complete the table below.

Pronouns	Possessive	Pronouns	Possessive
	adjectives		adjectives
I	1	it	its
you	your	we	2
he	his	you	your
she	her	you they	3

Grammar point

Demonstrative pronouns

Singular: *this that* Plural: *these those*

This and these are used for things that are near us ('here'). That and those are used for

things that are farther away ('there').

G. Make sentences and then match them with the appropriate pictures.

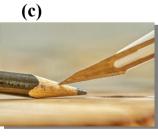
1. this / your pencil?

Is this your pencil? Picture C

- 2. that / not my bike
- 3. these / not his shoes
- 4. these / your books?
- 5. this / not my cell phone
- 6. that / her handbag?
- 7. those / their helmets
- 8. this / not my computer















4 LISTENINGA. Listen and read the dialogue of the dialogue

A. Listen and re	ad the dialogue.				
Alex	This is your album, isn't it?				
Carey	Yes, certainly.				
Alex	Can I look at it? I really like looking at pho	otos.			
Carey	Sure. They're from my grandpa's birthday	party.	He's 85 years		
	old.				
Alex	Oh! He looks really fantastic at his age.				
Carey	Yes, he's fine, but he has to walk with a sti	ck.			
Alex	And who's next to your grandpa?				
Carey	That's my uncle Peter. He loves playing ter	nnis.			
Alex	Oh yes. And who's that?				
Carey	That's my cousin Mary. I'm not really into	her.			
Alex	Why not?				
Carey	I don't know. She's so wonderful. She can	speak	3 languages and		
	play the piano.				
Alex	I understand. Do you like meeting up with	all you	ur family		
	members?				
Carey	Yes, I do.				
Alex	And how about your parents?				
Carey	They like it, too. As long as the party isn't	at my	house.		
B. Circle T (TRI	UE) or F (FALSE) for the sentences below.				
1. Pat loves	s looking at photos.	T	F		
2. Pat's gra	andpa is 80.	T	F		
3. Pat's gra	andpa can't walk without a stick.	T	F		
4. Pat's un	icle isn't interested in tennis.	T	F		
5. Mary car	n speak 3 languages.	T	F		
6. Pat likes	Mary.	T	F		
7. Pat does	n't like family meeting	T	F		
8. Pat's par	rents like to meet family members at home.	T	F		
C. Listen to wha	t Anna says about her family and answer	the fol	lowing		

C. questions.

1. How many sisters does Anna have?	
2. How many cousins does Anna have?	
3. How old is Anna's mother?	
4. Who is Isabel?	

D. Answer the questions about yourself. What are your mother's and father's names? How many brothers and sisters do you have? How many cousins do you have? Do you have any aunts and uncles?	
. What are your mother's and father's names? . How many brothers and sisters do you have? . How many cousins do you have? . Do you have any aunts and uncles?	
. What are your mother's and father's names? . How many brothers and sisters do you have? . How many cousins do you have? . Do you have any aunts and uncles?	
. How many brothers and sisters do you have? . How many cousins do you have? . Do you have any aunts and uncles?	
. How many cousins do you have? . Do you have any aunts and uncles?	
. Do you have any aunts and uncles?	
Have ald an years and dramate?	
. How old are your grandparents?	
. Who is your favourite person?	
the gaps with your information and then introduce yourself to turns making conversations.	поар
te turns making conversations.	
All about me	
All about me	
All about me Vame	
All about me Vame study • English • History	
All about me Jame study • English	
All about me Vame study • English • History • Mordern languages • Art	
All about me Jame study • English • History • Mordern languages • Art • Music	
All about me Jame study • English • History • Mordern languages • Art • Music • Other:	
All about me Jame study • English • History • Mordern languages • Art • Music • Other: Do you enjoy it?	
All about me Jame study • English • History • Mordern languages • Art • Music • Other:	

- with friends
- on campus

- with my family
- in an apartment

I work .

- in a convenience store
- in a grocery store
- I don't have a job
- in a restaurant
- in an office
- as a tutor
- as a pizza delivery driver

• Other: _____

Student A: Hello, what's your name?

Student B: My name is Somchai. I study Art.

6 READING

My friend Minh

My friend's name is Minh. Minh is from Ho Chi Minh city, in Vietnam. He is Vietnamese. He is married and has two children. His wife, Jane, is American. She is from Boston, in the United States. Her family is still in Boston, but she now works and lives with Minh in France. They speak English, French and Vietnamese.

Their children are pupils at a local primary school. The children go to school with other children from all over the world. Rose, their daughter, has friends from France, Switzerland, and Austria. Jack, their son, goes to school with students from South Africa, Spain, and Canada.

A. Read the text and choose the correct option a, b, c or d.

- 1. Where is Minh from?
- a. France b. Vietnam c. Spain d. Canada
- 2. Where is his wife from?
- a. New York b. Switzerland c. Boston d. France
- 3. Where are they now?
- a. Spain b. Boston c. France d. Sweden
- 4. Where is Jane's family?
- a. United States b. England c. Canada d. Vietnam
- 5. How many languages does his family speak?
- a. 2 b. 3 c. 4 d. 5
- 6. What are the children's names?
- a. Minh and Jane b. Jane and Jack c. Rose and Jack d. Rose and Minh

- 7. The school is
- a. international
- b. big c. small
- d. difficult

B. Are these sentences T (TRUE) or F (FALSE)?

- 1. Jane is Canadian.
- 2. Minh works in France now.
- 3. There are many children from different countries at the school.
- 4. There are children from Australia at the school.

OVOCABULARY 2: COMMON VERBS, ACTIVITIES

A. Put each verb in the correct place.

g 0	have	play	study	do	eat	work
gu	mavc	piay	study	uo	Cat	WULK

- 1. chocolate, meat, beefsteak
- 2. _____ video games, the guitar, football
- 3. ____ camping, swimming, to school
- 4. ____ homework, karate, an exercise
- 5. ____ English, hard, mathematics
- 6. _____ for a company, part-time, late
- 7. a sister, freedom, a big house



© GRAMMAR FOCUS 2: PRESENT SIMPLE

Grammar point

ie and add *-s*)

Present simple

The Present simple is used to describe

- 1. something that always or regularly happens.
- 2. a fact that is always true.

Present simple				
Affirmative				
I like fast food.	We like fast food.			
You like fast food. You like fast food.				
He/She/It likes fast food. They like fast food				
*Note:				
- Add -es to verbs ending with -o, -sh, -ch, -x, -z, -ss				
- Add -s to verbs ending with "consonant + y" (Change -y to -				

A. Complete the sentences with the Present simple affirmative form of the verbs below.

Go	have	play	study	do	work	watch	live
1.	We watch	_cartooi	n films even	ry day.			
2.	My brother	E	inglish at a	language	center.		
3.	My aunt	in a	big house i	n the cou	ıntry.		
4.	I to s	chool by	bike.				
5.	My uncle _	for	a small co	mpany.			
6.	My family _	fo	ur member	S.			
7.	My father _	ba	dminton ev	ery morn	ing.		
8.	My friends	h	omework o	every nig	ht.		

Present simple	
Negative	
I don't like fast food.	We don't like fast food.
You don't like fast food.	You don't like fast food.
He/she/it doesn't like fast	They don't like fast food
food.	

B. Rewrite the sentences in exercise A using the Present simple negative form of the verbs.

Example: We <u>don't watch</u> cartoon films every day.

Present	simple
---------	--------

Interrogative

We form present simple questions with *do* or *does* + base form of the verbs.

Do I/you/we/they watch TV?

Does he/she/it like chocolate?

C. Complete the questions with Do or Does.

- 1. _____ you speak English?
- 2. ____ Cristiano Ronaldo play football?
- 3. _____ you go to school on Sunday?
- 4. _____ your friends go out at weekends?
- 5. _____ you watch TV?
- 6. _____ your brother like football?

8 WRITING



My name is Peter. I'm from Australia. I live in Sydney. I study business at University of Sydney. I don't live on campus. I live with my parents in a small house. I have a part-time job and I work in a café on weekends. I like football, but I don't play it because I don't have much free time. I also like music a lot. I really love to make friends from other countries.

Hello, I'm Nga. My friends call me Chris at work. I am from a big city in Vietnam. I work for a big company in Ho Chi Minh city. I am an office worker. I live in an apartment with my sisters. I don't like sports but I love movies. I go to the cinema every weekend. I also want to practice my English, so I study English at a language center in the evening.



A. Read the two short paragraphs about Peter and Nga. Write P (Peter) or N (Nga) for the following statement.

- 1. I live in Vietnam.
- 2. I live in a house.
- 3. I love football.
- 4. I study business.
- 5. I enjoy films.
- 6. I work for a company.
- 7. I work for a café.
- 8. I study English in the evening.

B. Write a short paragraph about yourself. Include the following information in your writing.

- 1. Your name and where you are from
- 2. Where you live and whom you live with
- 3. What you study and where you study
- 4. Your accommodation
- 5. Your job / part-time job
- 6. Your hobbies

UNIT 2: LEISURE TIME

O WARM-UP

A. Talk about the pictures with a partner.





B. What sport do you like to play in your free time?

2 VOCABULARY 1: SPORT AND ACTIVITY

A. Match each verb with a picture.

- 1. **□** swim
- 2. **____**jump
- 3. □ ski
- 4. □ draw
- 5. □ ride
- 6. □____ sing

(a)





(b)



(e)



(c)



(f)



B. Write play, do or go to each sport.

Note:

We normally use

play with team sports and ball sports.

play badminton

go with sports that end in -ing.

go cycling

do with other sports.

do aerobics

1. 🗆	karate
2. □	football
3. □	tennis
4. □	yoga
5. □	badminton
6. □	swimming
7. 🗆	jogging
8. 🗆	aerobics
9. □	volleyball
10. 🗆	track and field

3 GRAMMAR FOCUS 1: ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY

A. Read the following text describing Peter's activities on Sunday. What activities are mentioned in the text?

I always do judo on Sunday morning. I usually get up early and play chess with my brother. Judo and chess are always fun. After that, I go to the park with my friends. In the afternoon, I usually watch football, but sometimes I do my homework. In the evening, I hardly ever stay home. I usually go to the gym and do yoga with my friends at the gym. I'm often there until 10 p.m.

B. Complete the table with the adverbs of frequency below.

always	usually	often	never	sometimes	hardly ever
0%	⇒	\Rightarrow	⇒	⇒	100%
1	2	3	4	5	6